DIB2F-01

DTC	P0441	Evaporative Emission Control System Incor- rect Purge Flow
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DTC P0446 Evaporative Emission Control System Ve Control Circuit

CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION

The vapor pressure sensor, VSV for EVAP, VSV for canister closed valve (CCV) and VSV for pressure switching valve are used to detect abnormalities in the evaporative emission control system.

The ECM decides whether there is an abnormality in the evaporative emission control system based on the vapor pressure sensor signal.

DTCs P0441 and P0446 are recorded by the ECM when there is a malfunction in either the VSV for EVAP, the VSV for pressure switching valve, or in the vapor pressure sensor itself, or when evaporative emissions leak from the components within the dotted line in Fig. 1 below.





P0441

The ECM closes the CCV and opens the VSV for pressure switching valve causing vacuum to increase in the entire EVAP system.

The ECM continues to operate the VSV for EVAP until the vacuum is increased to a specified point at which time the ECM closes the VSV for EVAP.

If the vacuum did not increase, or if the vacuum increased beyond the specified limit, the ECM judges the VSV for EVAP and related components to be faulty.

P0446

When the vapor pressure rises to a specified point, the ECM opens the VSV for CCV. Pressure will increase rapidly because of the air allowed into the system. No increase or an increase below specified rate of pressure increase indicates a restriction on the air inlet side.

The ECM closes the VSV for pressure switching valve. This action blocks air entering the fuel tank side of system. The pressure rise on the fuel tank side is no longer as great.

If there was no change in pressure, the ECM will conclude the VSV for pressure switching valve did not close.

DTC No.	DTC Detecting Condition	Trouble Area
P0441	Pressure in charcoal canister and fuel tank does not drop dur- ing purge control (2 trip detection logic)	 Fuel tank cap incorrectly installed Fuel tank cap cracked or damaged Vacuum hose cracks, holed blocked, damaged or disconnected ((1), (2), (3), (4), (5), (6), (7), (8), (9), (10) and (11) in Fig. 1) Open or short in vapor pressure sensor circuit Vapor pressure sensor Open or short in VSV circuit for EVAP VSV for EVAP
	During purge cut–off, negative pressure incoming in the char- coal canister and fuel tank will not stop. (2 trip detection logic)	
P0446	When VSV for pressure switching valve is ON, ECM judges that there is no continuity between vapor pressure sensor, fuel tank and charcoal canister (2 trip detection logic)	
	When VSV for pressure switching valve is turned OFF, pres- sure in fuel tank is maintained at atmospheric pressure (2 trip detection logic)	 Open or short in VSV circuit for CCV VSV for CCV Open or short in VSV circuit for pressure switching valve VSV for pressure switching valve
	When VSV for CCV is ON, pressure in charcoal canister and fuel tank is maintained at atmospheric pressure (2 trip detection logic)	 Fuel tank cracked, holed or damaged Charcoal canister cracked, holed or damaged Fuel tank over fill check valve cracked or damaged ECM

HINT:

Typical DTC output of each trouble part

Trouble part		Typical DTC output (*1)
Small Leak		P0442 and/or P0456
Medium Leak (ex: Vacuum hose loose)		P0442
Large Leak (ex: Fuel tank cap loose)		P0441 and P0442 and P0446
	Open Malfunction	P0441
VSV for EVAP	Close Malfunction	P0441 and P0442 and P0446
	Open Malfunction	P0441 and P0442 and P0446
VSV for CCV	Close Malfunction	P0446
	Open Malfunction	P0446
VSV for Pressure Switching	Close Malfunction	P0441 and P0442 and P0446

*1: ECM may output some other DTC combination.

WIRING DIAGRAM



INSPECTION PROCEDURE

HINT:

- If DTC P0441 (Purge Flow), P0446 (VSV for CCV or VSV for Pressure switching valve), P0450 or P0451 (Evaporative Pressure Sensor) is output with DTC P0442 or P0456, first troubleshoot DTC P0441, P0446, P0450 or P0451. If no malfunction is detected, troubleshoot DTC P0442 or P0456 next.
- Read freeze frame data using the OBD II scan tool or the hand-held tester. Because freeze frame records the engine conditions when a malfunction is detected. When troubleshooting, it is useful for determining whether the vehicle was running or stopped, the engine was warmed up or not, the air-fuel ratio was lean or rich, etc. at the time of the malfunction.
- When the ENGINE RUN TIME in the freeze frame data is less than 200 seconds, carefully check the vapor pressure sensor.

Hand-held tester:

1

Perform EVAP leak test.

PREPARATION:

- (a) Connect the hand-held tester to the DLC3.
- (b) Select the item "DIAGNOSIS/ENHANCED OBD II/SYSTEM CHECK/EVAP SYS CHECK (or EVAP LEAK TEST)" mode on the hand-held tester.
- (c) Perform "EVAP SYS CHECK (or EVAP LEAK TEST)".

CHECK:

Display on the Hand-held tester	Proceed to
Scan tool detects a leak on the fuel tank side.	A
Scan tool detects a leak on the canister side.	В
Scan tool doesn't detects a leak on the EVAP system.	С

If any changes do not occur with in 1 minute after pressing "EVAP LEAK TEST", once remove the fuel tank cap, then set the fuel tank cap again. Then perform the "EVAP LEAK TEST".







385



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7 Check vacuum hose between intake manifold and VSV for EVAP, and VSV for EVAP and charcoal canister.

CHECK:

- (a) Check that the vacuum hose is connected correctly.
- (b) Check the vacuum hose for looseness and disconnection.
- (c) Check the vacuum hose for cracks, hole, damage and blockage.



10 Check VSV for CCV. PREPARATION: VSV is OFF VSV is ON (a) Disconnect the vacuum hose for the VSV for the CCV from the charcoal canister. (b) Turn the ignition switch ON and push the hand-held tes-F ter main switch ON. Õ Select the item "DIAGNOSIS/ENHANCED OBD II/AC-(c) TIVE TEST" mode on the hand-held tester. Air Air Select the item "INTAKE CTL VSV/ALL" in the ACTIVE (d) TEST and operate INTAKE CTL VSV (Press the \leftarrow or \rightarrow A18857 A18839 A18840 button). CHECK: Check the VSV operation when it is operated by the hand-held tester. OK: VSV is ON: Air does not flow from port E to port F. VSV is OFF: Air from port E flows out through port F. OK Go to step 14.



387



16 Check for open and short in harness and connector between EFI main relay (Marking: EFI) and VSV for pressure switching valve, and VSV for pressure switching valve and ECM (See page IN-28). NG Repair or replace harness or connector. OK

Check and replace ECM (See page IN-28).

17 Check whether hose close to fuel tank have been modified, and check whether there are signs of any accident near fuel tank.



OK

18 Check vacuum hoses between vapor pressure sensor and fuel tank, and charcoal canister and VSV for pressure switching valve.

CHECK:

- (a) Check that the vacuum hose is connected correctly.
- (b) Check the vacuum hose for looseness and disconnection.
- (c) Check the vacuum hose for cracks, hole and damage.



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DI-127



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Check voltage between terminals PTNK and E2 of ECM connectors.

PREPARATION:

(a) Remove the grove compartment (See page SF–56).

(b) Turn the ignition switch ON.

CHECK:

Measure the voltage between terminals PTNK and E2 of the ECM connectors.

- (1) Disconnect the vacuum hose from the vapor pressure sensor.
- Using the MITYVAC (Hand-held Vacuum Pump), apply a vacuum of 4.0 kPa (30 mmHg, 1.18 in.Hg) to the vapor pressure sensor.

NOTICE:

The vacuum applied to the vapor pressure sensor must be less than 66.7 kPa (500 mmHg, 19.7 in.Hg).

<u>OK:</u>

- (1) Voltage: 2.9 3.7 V
- (2) Voltage: 0.5 V or less



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22	Check for open and short in harness and connector between vapor pressure sensor and ECM (See page IN–28).
	NG Repair or replace harness or connector.
ОК	
Repla	ace vapor pressure sensor.



25 Check vacuum hose between intake manifold and VSV for EVAP, and VSV for EVAP and charcoal canister.

CHECK:

- (a) Check that the vacuum hose is connected correctly.
- (b) Check the vacuum hose for looseness and disconnection.
- (c) Check the vacuum hose for cracks, hole, damage and blockage.



28	Check VSV for CCV.	
VS E Air P A18839 A186	SV is ON VSV is OFF Lip Lip Lip Lip Lip Lip Lip Lip Lip Lip	PREPARATION: (a) Disconnect the vacuum hose for the VSV for the CCV from the charcoal canister. (b) Turn the ignition switch ON and push the hand–held tester main switch ON. (c) Select the item "DIAGNOSIS/ENHANCED OBD II/AC-TIVE TEST" mode on the hand–held tester. (d) Select the item "INTAKE CTL VSV/ALL" in the ACTIVE TEST and operate INTAKE CTL VSV (Press the ← or → button). CHECK: Check the VSV operation when it is operated by the hand–held tester. OK: VSV is ON: Air does not flow from port E to port F. VSV is OFF: Air from port E flows out through port F. OK Go to step 32.
NG		
29	Check vacuum hose betwee	n VSV for CCV and charcoal canister.
CHECK (a) Cr (b) Cr (c) Cr	reck that the vacuum hose is conn neck the vacuum hose for loosene neck the vacuum hose for cracks, l	nected correctly. ss and disconnection. hole damage, and blockage. NG Repair or replace.

30	Check operation of VSV for CCV (See page SF-44).	
	NG Replace VSV for CCV.	

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395



CHECK:

- (a) Check that the vacuum hose is connected correctly.
- (b) Check the vacuum hose for looseness and disconnection.
- (c) Check the vacuum hose for cracks, hole and damage.



OK



DI-135



DIAGNOSTICS - ENGINE (2RZ-FE, 3RZ-FE)



43 Check vacuum hose between intake manifold and VSV for EVAP, and VSV for EVAP and charcoal canister.

CHECK:

- (a) Check that the vacuum hose is connected correctly.
- (b) Check the vacuum hose for looseness and disconnection.
- (c) Check the vacuum hose for cracks, hole, damage and blockage.







DI-140



53

Check whether hose close to fuel tank have been modified, and check whether there are signs of any accident near fuel tank or charcoal canister.



OK

54	Check vacuum hoses between vapor pressure sensor and fuel tank, and char-
	coal canister and VSV for pressure switching valve.

Check vacuum hoses ((4), (5), (7) and (8) in Fig. 1 in description).

CHECK:

- (a) Check that the vacuum hose is connected correctly.
- (b) Check the vacuum hose for looseness and disconnection.
- (c) Check the vacuum hose for cracks, hole and damage.



CHECK:

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OK

- (a) Check that the vacuum hose is connected correctly.
- (b) Check the vacuum hose for looseness and disconnection.
- (c) Check the vacuum hose for cracks, hole and damage.





DI-142



OK





OK

6 Check vacuum hoses between vapor pressure sensor and fuel tank, charcoal canister and VSV for pressure switching valve, and VSV for pressure switching valve and charcoal canister.

CHECK:

- (a) Check that the vacuum hose is connected correctly.
- (b) Check the vacuum hose for looseness and disconnection.
- (c) Check the vacuum hose for cracks, hole and damage.





Check hose and tube between fuel tank and charcoal canister.

CHECK:

7

- (a) Check for proper connection of the fuel tank and fuel evap pipe (See page EC-8), fuel evap pipe and fuel tube under the floor, fuel tube under the floor and charcoal canister.
- (b) Check the hose and tube for cracks, hole and damage.



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CHECK:

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- (a) Check that the vacuum hose is connected correctly.
- (b) Check the vacuum hose for looseness and disconnection.
- (c) Check the vacuum hose for cracks, hole damage, and blockage.



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9 Check VSV connector for EVAP, VSV connector for CCV, VSV connector for pressure switching valve and vapor pressure sensor connector for looseness and disconnection.





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DI-147



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