DTC	P0440	Evaporative Emission Control System Mal- function
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# **CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION**

The vapor pressure sensor and VSV for vapor pressure sensor are used to detect abnormalities in the evaporative emission control system.

The ECM decides whether there is an abnormality in the evaporative emission control system by the vapor pressure sensor signal.

DTC P0440 is recorded by the ECM when evaporative emissions leak from the components within the dotted line in Fig. 1 below, or when the vapor pressure sensor malfunctions.



DTC No.	DTC Detection Condition	Trouble Area
P0440	Pressure of fuel tank is the same as one of atomospheric after vehicle is driven for 20 min. (2 trip detection logic)	<ul> <li>Hose or tube cracked, holed, damaged or loose seal ((3) in Fig. 1)</li> <li>Fuel tank cap incorrectly installed</li> <li>Fuel tank cap cracked or damaged</li> <li>Vacuum hose cracked, holed, blocked, damaged or disconnected ((1) or (2) in Fig. 1)</li> <li>Fuel tank cracked, holed or damaged</li> <li>Charcoal canister cracked, holed or damaged</li> <li>Open or short in vapor pressure sensor circuit</li> <li>Vapor pressure sensor</li> <li>ECM</li> </ul>

### WIRING DIAGRAM



# **INSPECTION PROCEDURE**

HINT:

- If DTC P0441, P0446, P0450 or P0451 is output after DTC P0440, first troubleshoot DTC P0441, P0446, P0450 or P0451. If no more malfunction is detected, troubleshoot DTC P0440 next.
- Ask the customer whether, after the MIL came on, the customer found the fuel tank cap was loose and tightened it. Also ask the customer whether the fuel tank cap was loose when refuelling. If the fuel tank cap was loose, it was the cause of the DTC. If the fuel tank cap was not loose or if the customer was not sure if it was loose, troubleshoot according to the following procedure.
- Read freeze frame data using TOYOTA hand-held tester or OBD II scan tool, as freeze frame data
  records the engine conditions when a malfunction is detected. When troubleshooting, it is useful for
  determining whether the vehicle was running or stopped, the engine was warmed up or not, the air-fuel
  ratio was lean or rich, etc. at the time of the malfunction.





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#### **PREPARATION:**

- (a) Remove the glove compartment (See page SF-54).
- (b) Turn the ignition switch ON.

#### CHECK:

Measure the voltage between terminals PTNK and E2 of the ECM connector.

- (1) Disconnect the vacuum hose from the vapor pressure sensor.
- Using the MITYVAC (Hand-Held Vacuum Pump), apply a vacuum of 4.0 kPa (30 mmHg, 1.18 in.Hg) to the vapor pressure sensor.

### NOTICE:

ΟΚ

The vacuum applied to the vapor pressure sensor must be less than 66.7 kPa (500 mmHg, 19.7 in.Hg).

#### <u> 0K:</u>



 $\langle$  Go to step 12.

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11 Check for open and short in harness and connector between vapor pressure sensor and ECM (See page IN-28).



It is possible that vehicle user did not properly close fuel tank cap. Please explain to customer how to properly install fuel tank cap.